Tuberculosis (TB) is still a problem in Indonesia. Every day, 178 or 65,000 people of year die because TB and more than 1,230 or 450,000 new cases every year. The majority of TB patients are productive people (15-55 years). Since DOTS Strategy implementation on 1995, there are achievement of target. Since the implementation of DOTS strategy in 1995, many targets are achieved, but there is also the problem of TB is still a lot. TB control in Indonesia not simply to be implemented by the government, but also needs the involvement of other partners in order to reduce mortality and morbidity due to TB. Stop TB Partnership forum Indonesia has a conducted, and this is a movement to accelerate social and political action to stop the spread of TB in Indonesia. Support and the roles of all components movement fighting TB, should be a commitment from all partners. The members of STP Indonesia are 65 partners, consists of 8 groups: government, community-based organizations, academia, professional associations, the private sector, health care institutions, international partners and individuals.

Kick Off opened with Deputy Ministry of Health on Mei 30, 2013 and FSTPI vision was decelerated by a member representative. FSTPI declaration consists of 7 important things that underlie and 11 concrete steps as follows:

1. TB is preventable and curable
2. TB is a public health problem
3. Increase due to the burden of drug-resistant TB, TB-HIV, TB and Smoking Diabetes Mellitus
4. Political commitment is low
5. TB control budget from the central government and the local area is very limited
6. Inadequate TB care facilities
7. Understanding and the active participation of the community low of TB.

To solve it, FSTPI will implement concrete step as follows:

1. Cooperate and actively controlling TB according to the potential of each.
2. Urged the Central government and local TB control budget immediately add
3. Encourage central and local governments to develop policies that support immediately TB control efforts and ensure the proper implementation.
4. Encourage and facilitate the implementation of TB care standards in all government and private health facilities.
5. Improve TB control in special environments, such as workplaces, prisons, and slum-poor and vulnerable groups of TB.
6. Disseminate information about TB to the community and stakeholders.
7. Called on all parties to the member contribution funds, facilities, infrastructure, human resources and thoughts / ideas to improve TB control.
8. Increase research and use the results to support the progress of TB control programs.
9. Stop TB Partnership Forum Indonesia immediately develop and establish similar forums in each province before 2016.
10. Provide mutual technical assistance to enhance the ability of members of the forum.
11. Active role in national networks and global work to achieve "zero TB death" zero new TB infection, zero stigma and TB Suffering 

Stop TB Partnership Forum Indonesia (FSTPI) expected to be advocates - both for the people affected by TB and for society at large - and also confirm whether the resulting government policy is really appropriate and allows the public access to prevention and control of TB in Indonesia. Indonesia targets towards free TB in 2050 is still long, because it could not run their own government without strong partners. "With this board - supported the existence of a strong partner - is expected to be a synergy to government closed the shortcomings and limitations in carrying out the mandate to serve the community in TB control"