**UNITE to End TB**

**TB Financing in 2014**

**Country Profile**

**CAMBODIA**

**KEY NUMBERS (2014)**

- **People who Developed TB**: 61,800
- **Deaths from TB**: 9,720
- **People with TB Diagnosed and Treated**: 72%
- **People with MDR-TB among those notified**: 520

**The Funding**

- **National TB Budget**
  - As reported by National TB Programme
  - **$30.9 million**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Domestic Funded</th>
<th>Internationally Funded</th>
<th>Funding Gap</th>
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<td>14.5m</td>
<td>12.8m</td>
<td>3.6m</td>
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Tuberculosis is one of the world’s top health challenges and the leading cause of death from an infectious disease globally. There were 9.6 million new cases and 1.5 million TB deaths in 2014.

In September 2015, governments endorsed the UN Global Development Goals, including a target to End TB by 2030. To achieve this target, increased investments for tuberculosis are essential.

Of the $13 billion per year required to fully fund the global TB response called for in the Global Plan to End TB 2016-2020, only $6.6 billion was funded in 2014.

Increased domestic financing is critical to fill this gap, but many countries depend on the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria to support their TB response. Governments must fully fund the Global Fund with the $13 billion required at their fifth replenishment conference taking place in 2016.

The world has a historic opportunity to end the TB epidemic. Join us in calling on governments to fully fund the fight against TB.