**Country Profile**

GEORGIA

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**KEY NUMBERS (2014)**

- **People who Developed TB**: 4,460
- **People with TB Diagnosed and Treated**: 75%
- **Deaths from TB**: 287
- **People with MDR-TB among those notified**: 640

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**THE FUNDING**

- Domestic funded: 7.8m
- Internationally funded: 3.2m
- Funding gap: 5.5m
- **National TB Budget**: $16.5 million

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**TB Financing in 2014**

As reported by National TB Programme

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**UNITE to End TB**

www.globaltbcaucus.org
### Funding Area:
Tuberculosis

### Performance:
- meeting expectations

### Funding Recipient:
National Center For Disease Control and Public Health

### Period of Grant Agreement:

### Amount, including:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>disbursed</th>
<th>not disbursed</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6,480,708</td>
<td>8,916,055</td>
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**Total Amount**: 15,396,763 $

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Tuberculosis is one of the world’s top health challenges and the leading cause of death from an infectious disease globally. There were **9.6 million new cases** and **1.5 million TB deaths** in 2014.

In September 2015, governments endorsed the UN Global Development Goals, including a target to End TB by 2030. To achieve this target, increased investments for tuberculosis are essential.

Of the **$13 billion per year required** to fully fund the global TB response called for in the Global Plan to End TB 2016-2020, only $6.6 billion was funded in 2014.

Increased domestic financing is critical to fill this gap, but many countries depend on the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria to support their TB response. Governments must fully fund the Global Fund with the $13 billion required at their fifth replenishment conference taking place in 2016.

The world has a historic opportunity to end the TB epidemic, **Join us in calling on governments to fully fund the fight against TB.**