



Janna Health Foundation

Active TB Screening with Portable CXR Equipment in Nomadic Communities of North East Nigeria



Stephen John, MD, MPH/ICHD KIT, SDG Amb, PDE

Outline

- · Background
- Program planning (training & product cost)
- Screening algorithm
- The Threshold score and operational set-up
- · Ultra-portable X-ray system image quality
- Interoperability with health information systems
- Data storage and privacy
- Results
- Success stories and Scaling up
- Experience with the X-ray and CAD vendor
- Challenges

→ END TB

- Lessons learned
- · What should be done differently next time



Background...1



- JHF was established: 2012.
- JHF focuses on TB Prevention & Care among KVPs in NE for >10 years:
 - Nomadic Pastoralists
 - Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)
 - Refugees
- Have presence in 5 of the 6 States of the NEZ
 - HQ in Yola, Adamawa State
 - Project Officers & Offices in each of the 5 States
- JHF works with a pool of over 400 Volunteers; mostly youths from KVPs



Background...2



- Use of UP-XRs & CAD devices to aid TB diagnosis started in 2020;
 - JHF procured its MinXray Impact system with fully integrated qXR v3 (Qure.ai) for AI in 2022
- JHF started Nomadic Community Screening with UP-XRs & CAD in 2nd Qtr, '22
- Our targeted KVPs have little or no access to health services & are often distrustful of them
- · Previous screening has been mostly symptom based.
- Results show huge burden of TB; up to 40% of TB cases may be among our targeted KVPs
- Poor access to X-ray machines & Radiologists in Adamawa State worsen the situation;
 - low #s of clinically diagnosed TB cases



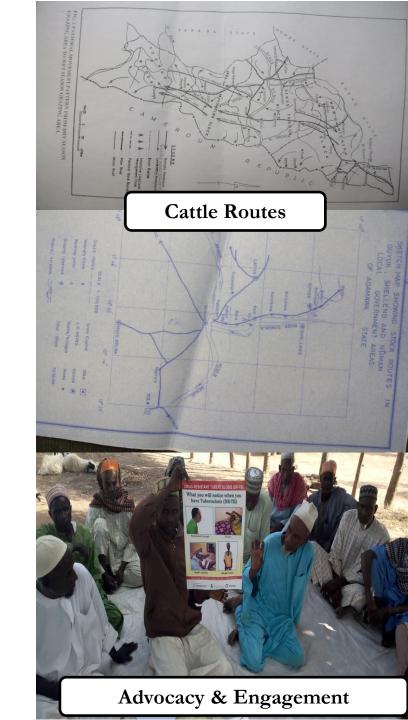
Program planning...1

- ❖ No experience with Custom clearance;
 - * Ethical approval grated at the State level
- ❖ JHF procured 1 MinXray Impact system with fully integrated qXR v3 (Qure.ai) for AI
- ❖ 3 Teams (Registration Officer, Data entry staff, Radiographer and a Coordination officer) were trained

Processes:

- Nomadic Communities Mapped, Community Leaders identified & engaged
- * Advocacy Plan developed and implemented
- ❖ Community mobilization and Screening led by Nomads Focal Point and LGTBLS were conducted
- * Active Screening commenced in Nomadic communities
- * Presumptive TB cases were detected and managed
 - ❖ Sputum collection & Transportation
 - * Result retrieval
 - ❖ Active linkage to TB Care
- * Result sharing during strategic advocacy





Program planning... 2 Stop 13 Partnership



- Our MinXray Impact system equipment is very portable, easy to set up & user friendly
- * It is made up of;
 - * The Generator, DR Panel, a computer (Lap Top) with a q-Track software installed
 - Completely wireless with 2 light tripods
 - * Takes 3 minutes to set up
 - Could shoot up to 200 images/day depending on location
- No additional items procured locally
- Easy access to support from manufacturers;
 - Introduction of more variables
 - Highlighting symptoms of interest







Screening algorithm



KVP Advocacy, Engagement & Community Mobilization

Presumptive TB Cases

Registration & Symptom Screening

Pregnant Women, nonconsenting adults & <5s

CXR Screening

Excluded!

No Presumptive/lesions (AI Score: 0 — <0.3) Counsel on TB, discharge/Refer

Yes Presumptive (AI Score: 0 - < 0.3)

All Clients
(Al Score: 0.3 – 1.0)

Clients with lesions (Regardless of Al Score)

Review by Radiologist

Register & Collect 1 Sputum Sample Yes TB

No TB

GeneXpert Analysis & Result Retrieval

Counsel on TB, discharge/Refer

Further Clinical Evaluation No TB Yes TB

No TB Yes TB

Active linkage to DOTS Center & Enrollment on anti-TB Treatment



Counsel on TB, discharge/Refer

Threshold score selection & Equipment Set up

- A threshold of 0.5 was pre-determined in line with general findings from similar studies
- However, our experience revealed clients with lung field lesions in the AI score range of 0.3 to 0.5
 - We decided on a cut-off point from 0.3
- Protective Apron is used by the Generator Operator
 - All other persons including Team members stay behind
 - At least 2 meters distance
- Excellent Image Quality







Interoperability with health information systems

- CXR has a key role in the diagnosis of TB (NTBLCP guidelines)
 - In this intervention, the difference is the position of CXR in the algorithm
- Diagnosed TB cases are enrolled using NTBLCP R&R tools
- ❖ TB cases enrolled are reflected in the National HIS
- ❖ Data generated is stored in the cloud and accessed through the Qure.ai qTrack software
- Issues around data storage in cloud are relevant













Results



From July to December, 2022

- A total of 66 screening events, 60 communities
- Total people screened (15+): 5,397
 - 2,739 (51%) were Females
 - 3,722 (69%) Age group 25 64
- Presumptive TB tested by Xpert: 1,119
 - Bac+ detected: 85 (7.5%)
 - Females: 36 (42%)
 - AI @ 0.5 detected 89% and @ 0.3 identified 95%
 - Cough 2 weeks detected 40% and any cough 62%





Success Stories & Scaling up



- Success stories include:
 - Provision of access to TB services for KVP
 - Diagnosis of TB among people with no symptoms
 - * Reduces TAT for diagnosis of clinical TB
 - Improved TB Case Notification (especially clinically Diagnosed Cases)
 - Reduction in sputum testing requirement
- Intervention is being scaled up already
 - Started with screening all age groups in Nomadic Communities in 1 State;
 now screening in 3 States
 - Support TB screening during:
 - World TB Day
 - Special Medical outreaches for Government
 - Nigeria Medical Association Week
 - Presently targeting malnourished children in Nutrition HFs across 3 States



Experience with the X-ray and CAD vendor(s)

- * Product is user friendly, convenient, portable, easy to transport & set up in the most remote communities
- * Our target communities are excited about the screening; 100% acceptance
- Vendors provide support whenever necessary:
 - Occasional issues with upload of images
 - Introduction of key symptoms into qTrack
 - Provision of power back-up for MinXray Computer





Lessons learned

- CXR/AI eased access of remote hard-to-reach communities to TB services:
 - Can go closer into hard to reach areas than larger vanbased systems
 - Shortens time taken to diagnose Clinical TB
- CXR/AI screening led to a reduction in Case detection gap
 - * Especially for clinically diagnosed TB cases
- No need for electricity during screening
- Symptom screening misses many people with Bac+ TB; use of this equipment reduces numbers of TB cases missed
- CXR/AI reduced testing requirements; saves costs
- Employing AI to read CXR can improve triaging when human readers are not available







Challenges & Recommendations

Stop B Partnership
TB REACH

- Laptop battery life (4 hours)
- Battery back-up for Lap Top obtained

 Limited access to radiologist Establish linkage with HFs where Radiologists are available

- Inability to use equipment on <5s & pregnant women
- Manufacturers should look into this

- NTP algorithm yet to be updated
- NTPs should consider revising their algorythm







→ What would you do differently next time?

- Have a strong & well trained screening Team; frequent changes complicate things
- Invest more in community engagement and mobilization;
 - * Key to successful screening
- Quality assurance is important;
 - * Access to radiologists to review images is important
- Proper handling of equipment to avoid damaging;
 - * Especially during set up
- Unstable power supply could affect the equipment;
 - Use surge controllers during charging
- * Radiation safety is important;
 - * More protective aprons are required



→ ENI

Acknowledgements

- · Ministries of Health, Adamawa, Gombe & Taraba States
- · Adamawa, Gombe & Taraba State TB Programme Teams
- · NTBLCP, Nigeria
- Stop TB Partnership, Geneva
 - TB REACH
 - Challenge Facility for Civil Society

