





Update: Xpert MTB/RIF system for rapid diagnosis of TB and MDR-TB

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Content



- √ WHO diagnostic policies 2007-2011
- ✓ WHO policy formulation
- ✓ Positioning technologies
- ✓ Xpert MTB/RIF Roll-out

Scaling up diagnostics and laboratories



Accelerating WHO policy development

2007: Commercial liquid culture and DST

2008: Molecular line probe assay

2009: LED microscopy, MODS, NRA and CRI methods

2010: IGRAs, commercial serodiagnostics,

2011: Xpert MTB/RIF, Laboratory bio-safety

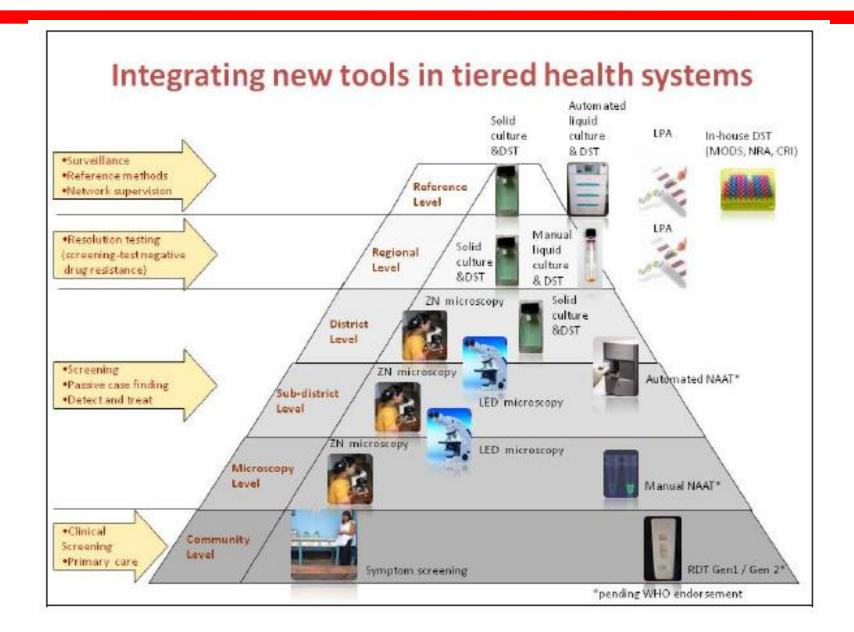
Moving new diagnostics into countries

EXPAND-TB: New technologies in 27 countries with funding from UNITAID and other donors

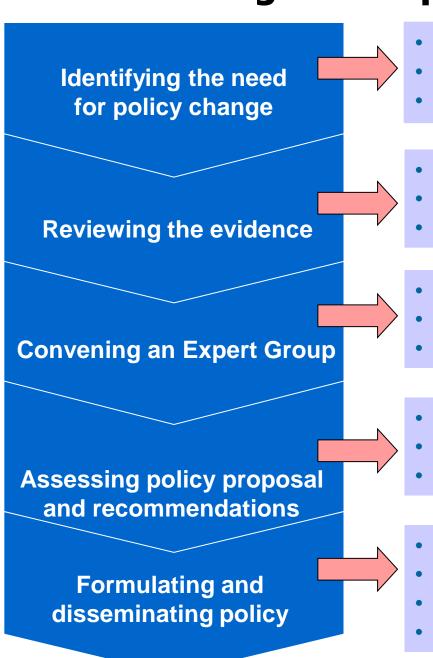
- Providing laboratory tools & training
 Global Laboratory Initiative: Roadmap and tools set, Laboratory accreditation
- Increasing laboratory support and quality
 WHO Supranational Reference Laboratory Network

Positioning technologies





WHO TB diagnostics policy formulation process



- WHO strategic monitoring of country needs
- Partners (researchers, industry, etc)
- Body of evidence available
- Commissioning of systematic reviews
- QUADAS or other diagnostic accuracy tool
- Meta-analyses (where feasible)
- Experts, methodologists, end-users
- Guidelines Review Committee
- GRADE process for evidence synthesis
- Strategic and Technical Advisory Group
- Endorsement/revision/addition
- Advise to WHO to proceed/not with policy
- Guidelines Review Committee
- Dissemination to Member States
- Promotion with stakeholders & funders
- Phased implementation & scale-up plan

Xpert MTB/RIF assay



Pour Sample Reagent into sample tube.

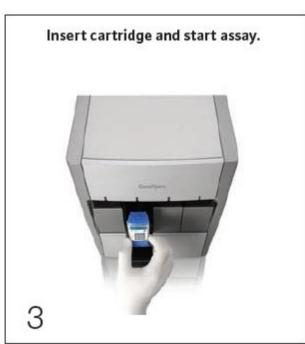
Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature.

(Acceptable sample types: unprocessed sputum or sediment from concentrated specimen.)



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Summary of Recommendations



- 1. Xpert MTB/RIF should be used as the initial diagnostic test in individuals suspected of having MDR-TB or HIV-associated TB. (Strong recommendation)
- 2. Xpert MTB/RIF may be considered as a follow-on test to microscopy in settings where MDR-TB or HIV is of lesser concern, especially in further testing of smear-negative specimens. (Conditional recommendation acknowledging major resource implications)

Remarks:

- These recommendations apply to the use of Xpert MTB/RIF in sputum specimens (including pellets from decontaminated specimens). Data on the utility of Xpert MTB/RIF in extra-pulmonary specimens are still limited;
- These recommendations support the use of one sputum specimen for diagnostic testing, acknowledging that multiple specimens increase the sensitivity of Xpert MTB/RIF but have major resource implications;
- These recommendations also apply to children, based on the generalisation of data from adults and acknowledging the limitations of microbiological diagnosis of TB (including MDR-TB) in children;
- Access to conventional microscopy, culture and DST is still needed for monitoring of therapy, for prevalence surveys and/or surveillance, and for recovering isolates for drug susceptibility testing other than rifampicin (including second-line anti-TB drugs).

Xpert MTB/RIF evaluations



Three groups of studies

 Multi-centre clinical validation studies (FIND co-ordinated) ➤ 1,730 subjects in five evaluation sites (four countries)

- 2. Demonstration studies (FIND co-ordinated)
- 6,673 subjects in nine evaluation sites (six countries)

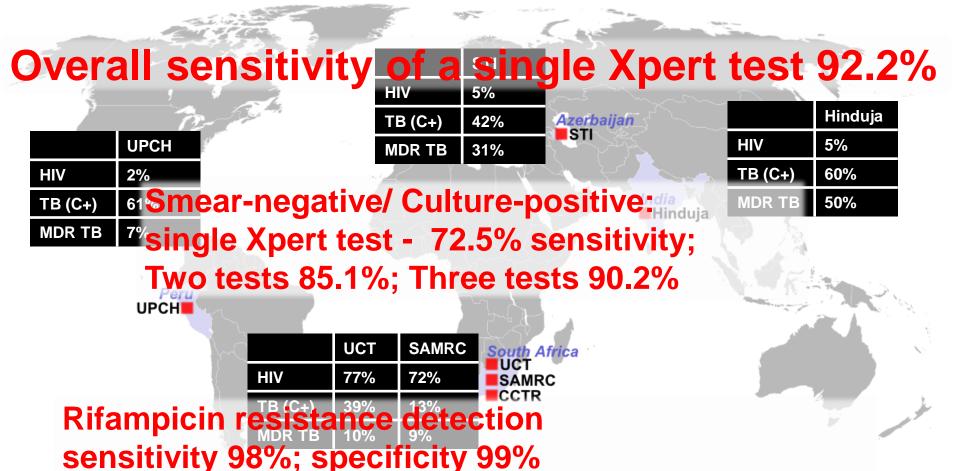
3. Single-centre evaluation studies (investigator-driven)

> 4,575 subjects in 12 studies (nine countries)

Multi-centre FIND Validation Studies



Four geographically and epidemiologically diverse settings



Multi-centre FIND Demonstration Studies





9 district, sub-district laboratories and microscopy centers in 6 countries

Sensitivity

Baku	Azerbai <mark>jan</mark>
HIV	6%
TB (C+)	47.5% (179/377)
MDR TB	22.4% (52/232)

PULMONARY TB

Smear pos. /Culture pos. 99 %

Smear neg. / Culture pos. >80%

HIV 3%

Lima

TB (C+) 16.8% (126/752)

MDRTB 8.1% HIV-positive 86% sensitivity



HIV-negative 92% sensitivity

HIV	100%	
TB (C+)	42.3% (120/284)	South Africa
MDR TB	2.2% (3/134)	SAMRC

RIFAMPICIN RESISTANCE

Sensitivity 95.1% Specificity 98.4%

Cape Town	South Africa
HIV	77% (K), 30% (P)
TB (C+)	26.4% (289/1096)
MDR TB	3.9% (17/437)

Vellore	India				
HIV	<1%				
TB (C+)	9.8% (73/744)				
MDR TB	6.7% (6/90)				
Philinnines					

Philippines ■Manila

Manila	Philippines			
HIV	<1%			
TB (C+)	20.3% (12/59)			
MDR TB	53.7% (116/216)			





Varying study designs and study populations, pulmonary and extrapulmonary samples

Detection of TB

- Pooled crude sensitivity 92%
- Pooled crude specificity 98%

Detection of rifampicin resistance

- Pooled crude sensitivity 98%
- Pooled crude specificity 99%

Selection of individuals to test based on risk assessment:



summary B. HIV (+) individuals A. Individuals at risk Primary (or HIV unknown in of MDR-TB considerations high HIV settings) - Diagnosed with TB or suspected of having TB - Suspected of having TB HIV (-) individuals not at risk of MDR-TB with Individuals Secondary either: considerations accessing - Abnormal CXR health centre - Sputum smear (-) but still **Xpert** suspected of having TB MTB/RIF TB, no Rif No TB detected TB, Rif resistance resistance **Enrol on MDR-TB** Treatment regimen Appropriate further regimen based on patient clinical management 12 history DST FLD and SLD

IPT if HIV +

ART if HIV +

ART if HIV +

Positioning and site selection criteria for Xpert MTB/RIF



- Ideally intermediate level, not central/reference lab level
- 2. Magnitude of the drug resistance or HIV associated TB problem
- 3. Current or estimated workload of the facility (taking into consideration 4 module system testing capacity, 15-20/day)
- Infrastructure stable electricity supply, secure room for GeneXpert system, computer and cartridges, appropriate ambient temperature
- 5. Personnel who can be trained, perform testing and keep equipment in good order
- 6. Facility where transportation of sputum specimens or suspect referral is feasible
- 7. Sufficient capacity for appropriate treatment of all identified patients including those with rifampicin resistance

Practical considerations: operational



Adoption of Xpert MTB/RIF to be phased in considering that GeneXpert:

- ✓ Is a technology platform for other diagnostic services (MRSA, CD, in future HIV viral load)
- ✓ Doesn't eliminate need for conventional smear, culture, DST
- ✓ Requires stable electricity supply
- ✓ Has range of ambient operating temperatures max. 30C° (under revision)
- ✓ Requires storage space for cartridges (at 2-28C°), shelf life 18 months
- ✓ Testing capacity of 4 module system per working day is 15-20 tests (depending on working hours, each test 100 min.)
- ✓ Requires annual calibration
- ✓ Xpert MTB/RIF testing require bio-safety conditions similar to the conventional sputum smear microscopy sample processing or testing

Practical considerations: preferential pricing and eligible countries*





Afghanistan	Chile	Ghana	Libya	Pakistan	Sudan, Sout	th
Albania	China	Grenada	Lithuania	Palau	Suriname	
Algeria	Colombia	Guatemala	Macedonia	Panama	Swaziland	
Angola	Comoros	Guinea	Madagascar	Papua New Guinea	Syria	
Antigua and Barbuda	Congo, Democratic Republic of the	Guinea-Bissau	Malawi	Paraguay	Tajikistan	
Argentina	Congo, Republic of the	Guinea, Equatorial	Malaysia	Peru	Tanzania	
Armenia	Costa Rica	Haiti	Maldives	Philippines	Thailand	
Azerbaijan	Cote d'Ivoire	Honduras	Mali	Romania	Timor-Leste	;
Bangladesh	Croatia	India	Mauritania	Russia	Togo	
Belarus	Cuba	Indonesia	Mauritius	Rwanda	Tonga	
Belize	Djibouti	Iraq	Mexico	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Tunisia	
Benin	Dominica	Jamaica	Micronesia, Federated States of		Turkmenista	an
Bolivia	Dominican Republic	Jordan	Moldova	Saint Vincent & the Grenadines	Tuvalu	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Ecuador	Kazakhstan	Mongolia	Samoa	Uganda V	vith
Botswana	Egypt	Kenya	Montenegro	Sao Tome and Principe	Ukraine V	vith
Brazil	El Salvador	Kiribati	Morocco	Senegal	Uruguay	VICII
Bulgaria	Eritrea	Korea, North	Mozambique	Serbia	Uzbekistan	
Burkina Faso	Estonia	Kosovo	Myanmar (Burma)	Seychelles	Vanuatu	1
Burundi	Ethiopia	Kyrgyzstan	Namibia	Sierra Leone	Vanuatu	art
Cambodia	Fiji	Laos	Nauru	Solomon Islands	Vietnam	

Somalia

15 Sir Lanka

Sudan

South Africa

Gabon

Georgia

Gambia, The

Gaza and West Bank Lesotho

Cameroon

Republic

Chad

Cabo Verde

Central African

Latvia

Lebanon

Liberia

Nepal

Niger

Nigeria

Nicaragua

Western Sahara

Yemen

Zambia

Zimbabwe

*as of 19.02.2011

Practical considerations: installation and running costs

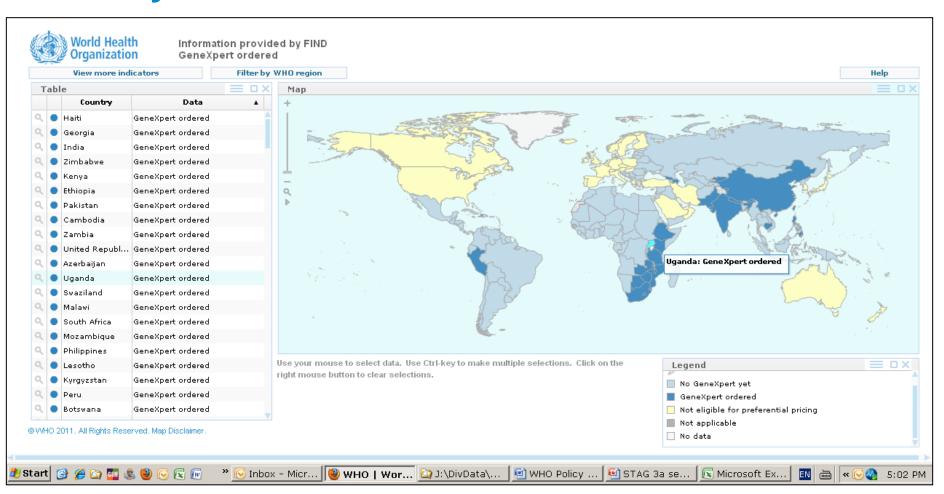


Sample annual itemized budget						
		Item	Cost	Comment		
А		GeneXpert 4 module with laptop (Ex-Works price)	\$17,500.00	>60% price reduction compared to EU/US		
В	Equipment	Shipment	\$1,000.00	Depends on destination		
С		Uninterruptible Power Source	\$500.00	Local purchase, depends on the market		
D		Printer	\$200.00	Local purchase, depends on the market		
E	Maintenance	Annual calibration costs	\$1,800.00	Highest price if done in Cepheid Toulouse		
F		Cost per cartridge	\$16.86	75% price reduction compared to EU		
G		Number of working days per year	250	Number can vary depending on local context		
Н	Consumables	Average number of tests per instrument /day	15	Number can vary depending on working hours		
I		Number of tests/1 year/ full load 1 instrument	3750	G*H		
J		Losses due to damage/incorrect use (high estimate 10%)	375	10% of I		
K	HR costs	Technician annual salary	\$5,000.00	Country-specific		
L		Training and TA	\$5,000.00	Depends on the needs		
М	Installation costs		\$19,200.00	A+B+C+D		
N	Running costs (annual, 1 instrument)	16	\$71,347.50	E+F*(I+J)		
0	GRAND TOTAL		\$100,547.50	N+M+L+K		

Xpert MTB/RIF roll-out monitoring website



Country orders



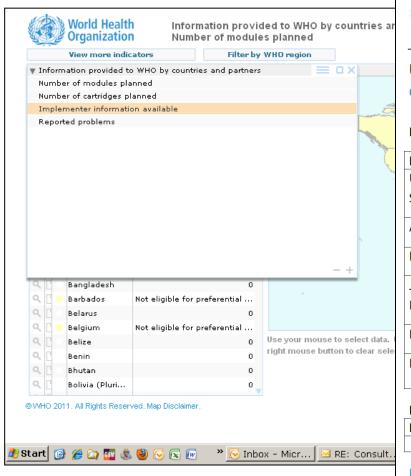
Xpert MTB/RIF roll-out monitoring





website

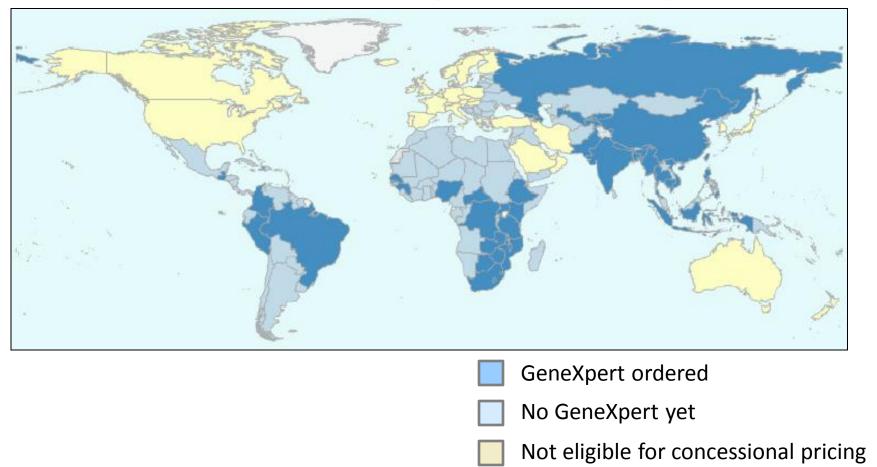
Country & Partner plans





Roll-out of Xpert MTB/RIF

40 countries had ordered a total of 279 GeneXpert instruments (1,441 modules) at concessional prices, as of 30 September 2011



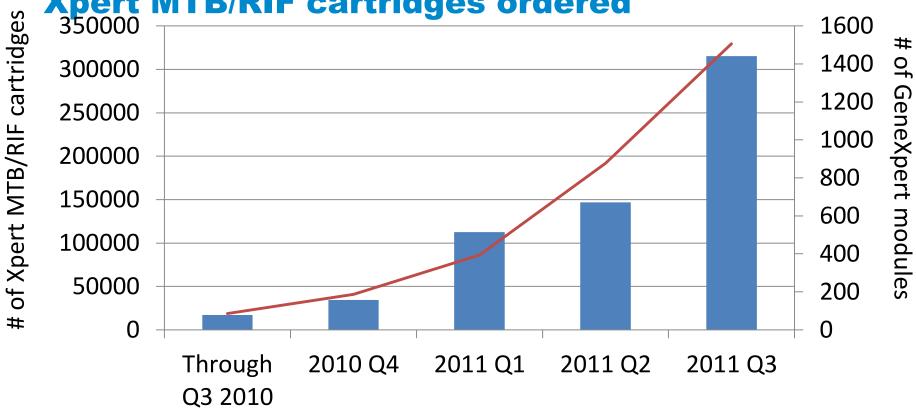
Source: FIND

Roll-out of Xpert MTB/RIF





Cumulative numbers of GeneXpert modules and Xpert MTB/RIF cartridges ordered

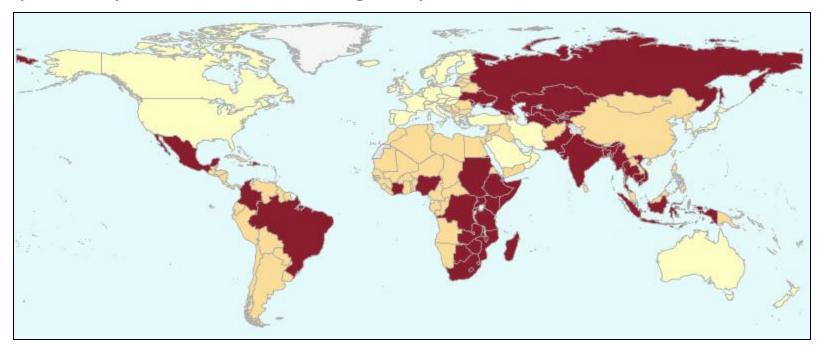


- Number of GeneXpert modules
- —Number of Xpert MTB/RIF cartridges

Source: FIND 20

Roll-out of Xpert MTB/RIF

In order to facilitate coordination, WHO collects information on planned orders, funding sources, placement of machines, and any reported problems with usage reported from the field.



41 countries for which the national TB programme and/or partners have shared information on procurements, plans and any problems

More info at: www.who.int/tb/laboratory/mtbrifrollout

Next steps



- 1. Coordinating & monitoring roll-out
 - STB systematically coordinating, collecting and sharing information on progress and plans of countries and partners, as well as sales information and reports of problems from the field
 - STB to organise a GLI/ SRLN/ Meeting of Early Implementers in Q2 2012 to share experiences
- 2. Collecting evidence for scaling-up
 - STB inviting countries and partners to submit core data
 - STB collaborating with the manufacturer to revise the proprietary GeneXpert software to allow for easy collection of the needed laboratory indicators



3. Providing updated guidance

 Guidance on diagnostic algorithms, site selection and operational considerations to be revised based on lessons learnt and shared with countries and partners to inform scale-up from 2012 onwards

4. Ensuring quality of laboratory performance

- Laboratory validation system (specimen panels to be distributed to laboratories when purchasing GXP instruments and calibrating modules) to be established and laboratory performance data assessed by STB/TBL
- 5. Evaluating additional data on Xpert MTB/RIF performance
 - Meeting to be organised in Q4 2012 to assess additional data on Xpert MTB/RIF performance (including extrapulmonary and paediatric TB)

Guidance documents

2011 Rapid Implementatio the Xpert MTB/RIF 2011 diagnostic test Automated Real-time Technical and Operational 'How Nucleic Acid Amplification Practical considerations Technology for Rapid Simultaneous Detecti Tuberculosis and Rifampicin Resistance **Xpert MTB/RIF Syster** GeneXpert Policy Statement

Prerequisites to country implementation of Xpert MTB/RIF and key action points at country level.

Checklist

2011

THANK YOU



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