Yes! We can End TB

March 2023

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• Progress towards UNHLM treatment targets were completely off track.

Global progress in 2018-2021 against other UNHLM cumulative treatment targets for 2018-2022:

- 40 million TB treatments: 66%
- 3.5 million children on TB treatment: 54%
- 1.5 million MDR-TB treatments: 43%
- 115,000 children on MDR-TB treatment: 15%
- 24 million TB Preventive Therapy for contacts: 9%
- 6 million TB Preventive Therapy for PLHIV: 0%

Source of data for graphs: Stop TB Partnership and WHO publicly available data.
2022 was the best year ever in terms of access to TB diagnosis & treatment

Complete recovery from Covid-19 impact – 30 High Burden Countries (HBCs)

- Recovery to more than pre-Covid levels
- 2022 TB notification > 2019
30 HBCs: TB Notifications impact by Covid-19 and recovery

% change in TB notification versus 2019 – diversity in 30 HBCs

Each set of bars of red, yellow and green is representing one of the 30 HBSs.
84% achievement of UNHLM target on people diagnosed & treated for TB in 30 HBCs

(2022 data is provisional)

30 HBCs: TB notifications 2018-2022 vs UNHLM targets

84% achieved (2022 data is provisional)

Other estimated* UNHLM treatment targets achieved in 30 HBCs:

- 63% of child TB treatment target
- 49% of DR-TB treatment target

Source of data: Stop TB Partnership and WHO publicly available data.
*Estimations: proportion of child TB and DR-TB out of total TB remains the same as in the period 2018-2021
Rapid Progress on Community, Rights & Gender (CRG) related work post UNHLM 2018

2018 UNHLM: End stigma and all forms of discrimination and promote equity, ethics, gender equality, human rights and social inclusion, focusing on key vulnerable groups and involving communities

- **39 countries** did CRG assessments
- **16 countries** with CRG action plans

Source of data for graph:
Stop TB Partnership

26 OnelImpact CLM TB Countries

First Pilot (TAJIKISTAN) in 2017
First adopting countries 2017-2020
New countries 2020 - 2022
TB Financing

• Available funding is <50% of 2018 UNHLM targets
• Huge gaps in country TB budgets

Funding in US$ Billions (2021)

- UNHLM 2018 target
- Available Funding

Implementation

- 13
- 5.4

R&D

- 2
- 1

Source of data for graphs: Stop TB Partnership, WHO and TAG
New sources & mechanism of funding emerging

- Loan-buydowns or loan plus grant financing
- C19RM and PPR
- Sub-national budgets
- Social health insurance
- Debt swap
- Crowd Funding
World is not on track to meet the SDG targets, but Global Plan shows that it is still possible to end TB

- **SDG 2030 targets:** 90% reduction in TB deaths & 80% reduction in TB incidence rate

![Graphs showing TB deaths and incidence from 2015 to 2030 for SDG targets and Global Plan](graph.png)

Some high burden countries have developed strong National Strategic Plans to end TB by 2030 and more are in the process

*Source of data for graphs: WHO publicly available data and Stop TB Partnership Global Plan to end TB 2023-2030*
To end TB the Global Plan 2023-2030 estimates 4 times more resources will be needed than currently available.

But we must mobilise the resources because:

- Return on investment is huge (1:40)
- Cost of inaction is very expensive – 1 trillion USD
Summary

After two years of setback TB responses have recovered from Covid-19 impact

• It is time now to accelerate towards ending TB:
  • scale up of prevention and care;
  • roll out of new tools; and
  • R&D for new tools, including a vaccine

Insufficient funding for both implementation and R&D remains a major challenge

• UNHLM 2023 is an opportunity
• Potential new sources and new channels of funding are emerging
  • Need for strongly linking TB and PPR
Thank you